

# UNIVERSITY at BUFFALO, STATE UNIVERSITY of NEW YORK

Department of Biochemistry, Attn: Dr. Lee, University at Buffalo, 3435 Main Street, Buffalo, NY 14214, USA

Tel/Fax: (716) 829-3106

Email: chunglee@buffalo.edu

Web: www.bmrservice.com

## **$\alpha$ -Galactosidase Assay kit (Cat #: E-149)**

**COMPONENTS:**  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase Assay Solution- 10 ml (for 100 wells), store at -20°C  
 $\alpha$ -Galactosidase Control Solution- 10 ml, store at 4°C  
10x Cell Lysis Solution- 25 ml, store at 4°C (**contains 1% TX-100; swirl bottle briefly prior to dilution**)

**PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:** The lysosomal  $\alpha$ -galactosidase normally breaks down a fatty substance called globotriaosylceramide, which is a type of sphingoglycolipids important for the function of cells and tissues. Failure to turn over the sphingolipid causes accumulation of globotriaosylceramide in the lysosomes and Fabry disease, a sphingolipidosis. The assay is based on the cleavage of the nitrophenyl moiety from the substrate 4-nitrophenyl- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranoside, which increases absorbance at 405 nm (extinction coefficient = 18 mM<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>), allowing for sensitive and quantitative assay of ( $\alpha$ -GAL enzyme activity present in tissue/cell lysates and biological fluids. Kit components are stable for at least 1 year if stored and handled properly.

### **Preparation of cell/tissue extracts:**

1. Prepare 1x Cell Lysis Solution by diluting 10x Cell Lysis Solution with ice-cold dH<sub>2</sub>O. Bring up at least ~10<sup>5</sup> washed cells in 100 – 200  $\mu$ l ice-cold 1x Cell Lysis Solution by pipetting up and down gently. Leave lysate on ice for 5 min with agitation. If lysate is overly turbid, add more 1x Cell Lysis Solution and repeat pipetting. Tissue is homogenized in ice-cold 1x Cell Lysis Solution (~10 mg tissue in 0.5 ml).
2. Centrifuge lysate in a cold microfuge at ~14,000 rpm for 5 min. Supernatant is harvested and stored at -80°C.
3. Use the BCA protein assay method to determine lysate protein concentration. A suggested sample protein concentration range is 0.5 – 2 mg/ml.

### **Enzyme assay for clear sample:**

1. Thaw  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase Assay Solution and keep solution on ice during assay (do not over-thaw). Add 10  $\mu$ l of each sample to a plain (uncoated) 96-well plate. Add 10  $\mu$ l 1x Cell Lysis Solution or dH<sub>2</sub>O to an empty well serving as blank.
2. Reaction is initiated by adding 100  $\mu$ l  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase Assay Solution to each well. Mix contents by brief gentle agitation. Cover plate and incubate at 37°C for 30 min or 60 min (do not use CO<sub>2</sub> incubator).
3. Stop reaction by adding 20  $\mu$ l 1N NaOH (not included in the kit) to each well followed by brief gentle agitation.
4. Measure O.D.<sub>405 nm</sub> using a plate reader. Subtract blank well reading from each sample well reading to generate  $\Delta$ O.D..

### **Enzyme assay for colored sample (serum/plasma):**

1. Thaw  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase Assay Solution and keep solution on ice during assay (do not over-thaw). Add 10  $\mu$ l of each sample to a plain (uncoated) 96-well plate in duplicate (for control set and reaction set).
2. Add 100  $\mu$ l  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase Control Solution to one set of sample wells (control wells). Add 100  $\mu$ l  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase Assay Solution to the other set of sample wells (reaction wells). Mix contents by brief gentle agitation. Cover plate and incubate at 37°C for 30 min or 60 min (do not use CO<sub>2</sub> incubator).
3. Stop assay by adding 20  $\mu$ l 1N NaOH (not included in the kit) to each control well and reaction well followed by brief agitation.
4. Measure O.D.<sub>405 nm</sub> using a plate reader. Subtract control well reading from reaction well reading to generate  $\Delta$ O.D. for each sample.

### **Enzyme activity calculation:**

For 30 min incubation,  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase enzyme activity in IU/L unit =  $\mu$ mol/(L•min) =  $\Delta$ O.D. x 1000 x 130  $\mu$ l / (30 min x 0.6 cm x 18 x 10  $\mu$ l) =  $\Delta$ O.D. x **40.12**. For 60 min incubation,  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase enzyme activity =  $\Delta$ O.D. x **20.06**. Sample enzyme activity can be presented as units/ $\mu$ g proteins.

### **Additional information:**

- A solution of 1N NaOH needs to be prepared by end users for reaction termination. Avoid skin contact with NaOH. Please refer to the product page of our website or contact us for MSDS information.